## Tuesday, October 4

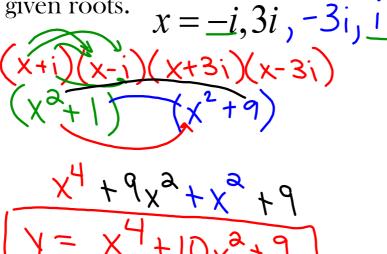
Test on Thursday

Reassessment Next Week!

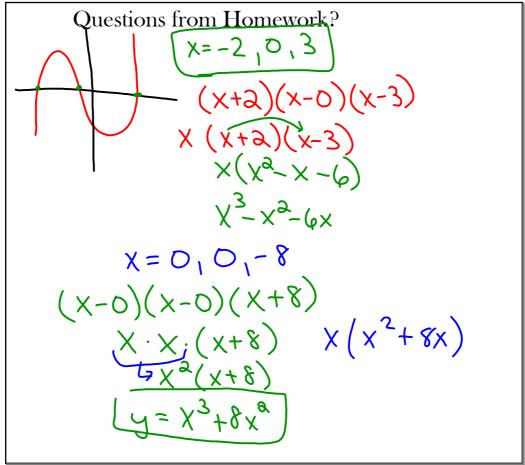
Do Now:

Homework on desk!

Write the equation of the polynomial with  $(\chi - \psi_i)(x + \psi_i)$  the given roots.



Oct 4-7:42 AM

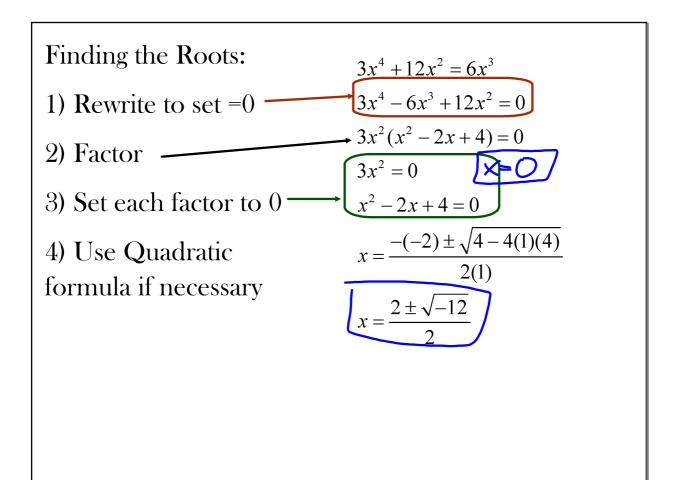


## **Learning Target:**

I can find all the roots of a polynomial!

(Notes on the back of last night's homework)

Oct 4-8:18 AM



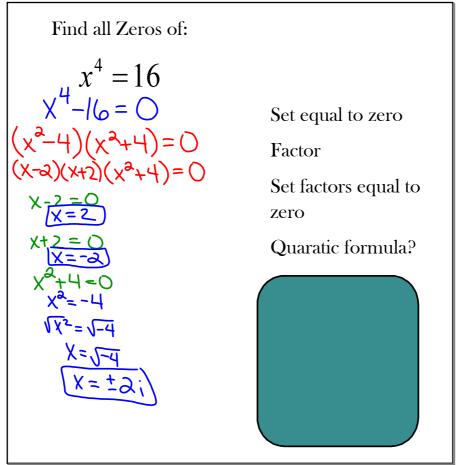
How many roots can a polynomial have?

$$P(x) = 5x^{3} - 2x + 6$$

As many as the highest degree

$$P(x) = x^6 + 2x^3 - 5$$

Oct 4-8:22 AM



Find all Zeros of:

$$x^{2} + 7x - 13 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$x = -\frac{7 \pm \sqrt{49 - 4(1)(-13)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{101}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{101}}$$

Set equal to zero

Factor

Set factors equal to zero

Quaratic formula?

Oct 4-9:29 AM

## **Group Practice**

- 1) Write your name on the top
- 2) We are going to solve step by step

On the paper you have in front of you:

1) Set all the polynomials equal to zero

Oct 4-9:31 AM

On the paper you have in front of you:

2) Factor All Polynomials

2) Factor All Polynomials

(1) 
$$\chi^{3}$$
-164
(2)  $\chi^{2}$ -164
(3)  $\chi^{4}$ -5 $\chi^{2}$ -36=0
(4)  $\chi^{2}$ -9 ( $\chi^{2}$ -9) ( $\chi^{2}$ -4)
(5)  $\chi^{2}$ -9 ( $\chi^{2}$ -9) ( $\chi^{2}$ -4)
(6)  $\chi^{3}$ -10
(7)  $\chi^{3}$ -10
(8)  $\chi^{4}$ -5 $\chi^{2}$ -36=0
(8)  $\chi^{2}$ -9 ( $\chi^{2}$ -9) ( $\chi^{2}$ -19) ( $\chi^{2}$ 

On the paper you have in front of you:

3) Set all factors equal to zero

$$(x-3)(x+3)(x_3+4)$$
  
 $(x-3)(x+3)(x_3+4)$ 

Oct 4-9:31 AM

On the paper you have in front of you:

4) Use the quadratic formula if necessary

Homework: Review Sheet - Due Thursday.
Exit Slip:
Factor the following: $8x^3 - 125$
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Oct 4-9:34 AM