

Happy Friday!

1) Find your normal seat and take everything out of the folder that is yours. Then return your group folders.

2) New Seats (Ms. Stilson will read out)

*No, I don't have  
the quizzes  
graded yet.*

Do Now: Ask your neighbors how they are and record their thoughts.

Awareness Video

Instructional Focus:



IF.3 I can add, subtract and multiply  
polynomials

How do we write addition?

1 plus 1

$a + b$

order does not matter

1 + 1

$b + a$

How do we write subtraction?

1 minus 1

$a - b$

order does matter

1 - 1

$b - a$

How do we write multiplication?

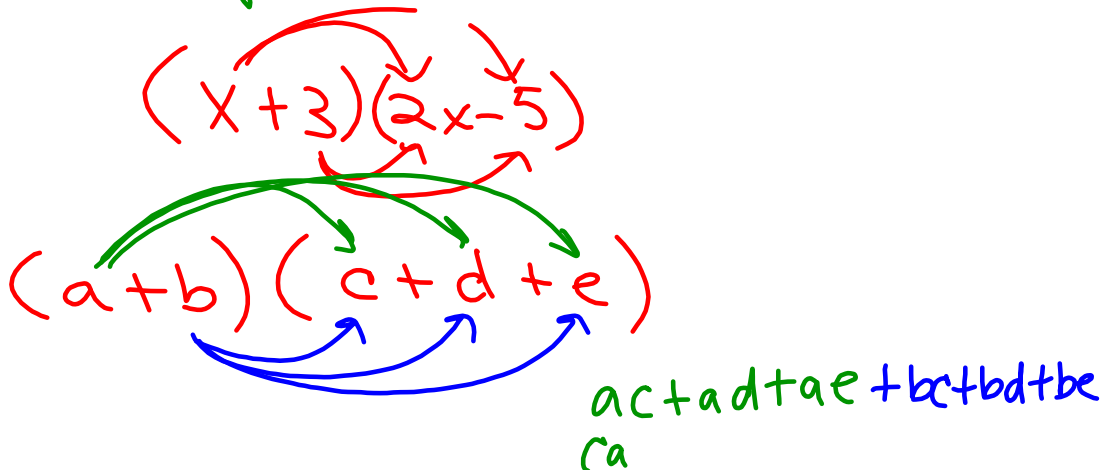
$2 * 3$

$(2)(2)$     $5(x+y)$   
 $5x$     $2 \cdot 2$     $2^2$     $ab$   
 $5x5$

Order does not matter

$5(4)$     $5(4)$   
 $(5)4$     $(4)5$

$5\sqrt{-25}$



Simplify

$$(2)(3)(4)$$

$$24$$

$$(2)(x)(x-5)$$

$$2x(x-5)$$
$$2x^2 - 10x$$

$$(x+1)(x+1)$$

$$x^2 + 2x + 1$$

$$(3)(x)(x+1)^2$$

$$3x(x^2 + 2x + 1)$$

$$3x^3 + 6x^2 + 3x$$

Does order matter when you multiply?

Select an example from above and prove your conjecture to me!

## Adding

To add polynomials, simply combine like terms

- things that are alike (have the same exponent)

$$\begin{aligned} & \underline{(2x^3 - 4x^2 + 5x)} + \underline{(5x^3 - 4x + 1)} \\ & \underline{7x^3 - 4x^2 + x + 1} \end{aligned}$$

I do

$$\begin{aligned} & \underline{(2t^3 + t - 4t^2)} + \underline{(-2t^3 + 4t^2 + 1)} \\ & \quad 0t^3 + t + 0t^2 + 1 \\ & \quad \underline{t + 1} \end{aligned}$$

We do

#5 on your worksheet

You Do

$$\begin{aligned} & \underline{(-7 - p^4 + 13p^5)} + \underline{(2p^4 + 13 + 3p^5)} \\ & \underline{6 + 1p^4 + 16p^5} \end{aligned}$$

## Subtracting Polynomials

To subtract polynomials, simply **distribute** the negative and then **ADD**

$$(5x^3 - 4x + 5) - (5x^2 - 4x + x^2)$$
$$\cancel{5x^3} - \cancel{4x} + \cancel{5} - 5x^2 + \cancel{4x} - x^2$$

$$5x^3 + 5 - 6x^2$$

I do

$$(10y^4 + y - 4y^2) + (+2y^3 - 4y^2 - 1)$$

$$\cancel{10y^4} + y - 4y^2 + 2y^3 - 4y^2 - 1$$

$$10y^4 + y - 8y^2 + 2y^3 - 1$$

We do

#2 on worksheet

You do

$$(2b + 1) + (-b^2 - 6 + 2b)$$

$$\cancel{2b} + 1 - b^2 - 6 + \cancel{2b}$$

$$4b - 5 - b^2$$

$$-b^2 + 4b - 5$$

### Multiplying Polynomials

To multiply polynomials, use the distributive property, then combine like terms.

$$(4-x)(5x^3 + 2x^2 - 7)$$

$-1x(5x^3) = -5x^4$   
I do

$$20x^3 + 8x^2 - 28 - 5x^4 - 2x^3 + 7x$$

$$[(x+1)(2x-1)](x-3)$$

$$(2x^2 - x + 2x - 1)(x-3)$$

$$(x-3)(2x^2 - x + 2x - 1)$$

$$(x-3)(2x^2 + x - 1)$$

We do

$$2x^3 + x^2 - x - 6x^2 - 3x + 3$$

$$2x^3 - 5x^2 - 4x + 3$$

You do. Pick 1!

$$(a + b)^3$$

$$5x(2x - 3)^2$$



By the way...what is a polynomial?

binomial 2  
 $x+1$

### Exit Slip!

1)  $(19x^2 + 12x + 12) + (7x^2 + 10x + 13)$

2)  $(17x^2 + 7x - 14) - (-6x^2 - 5x - 18)$

3)  $-x^2(x + 5)$

Homework: Ops with Polys WS - ALL